

# Upper bound for $m \approx \mu n^2$ -11-

$G \in \mathcal{G}_{n,m}$ . RL:  $\epsilon$ -reg.  $\overset{V_1 \dots V_k}{\circ \circ \circ \circ} \quad |V_i| \approx \frac{n}{k}$

$\lambda$ -coloring  $c: V(G) \rightarrow [\lambda]$  gives  $C: [k] \rightarrow 2^{[\lambda]}$ :

$$C(i) = \{a \in [\lambda] : |c^{-1}(a) \cap V_i| > \epsilon |V_i|\}$$

# possible  $C$ 's  $\leq (2^\lambda)^k = O(1)$ . Fix most frequent  $C$ .

By regularity:  $ij \in E(R) \Rightarrow C(i) \cap C(j) = \emptyset$

$$\alpha_A = \frac{1}{k} |\{i : C(i) \supseteq A\}|, \quad A \subseteq [\lambda]$$

$$\log(P_C(\lambda)) \leq \sum_i |V_i| \log(|C(i)|) = n \sum_A \alpha_A \log(|A|)$$

$$\sum \alpha_A = 1$$

$$\sum_{A \cap B = \emptyset} \alpha_A \alpha_B \approx m/n^2 \approx c$$

$$\text{Maximize } \sum_A \alpha_A \log(|A|)$$

} OPT(c,  $\lambda$ )