

Strong converse theorems using Rényi entropies

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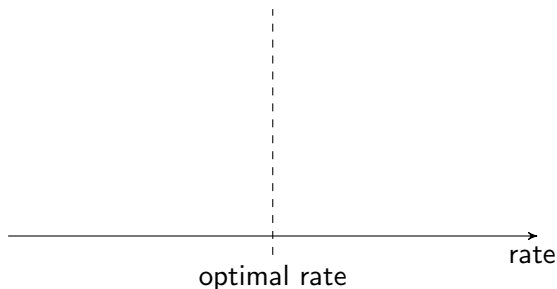
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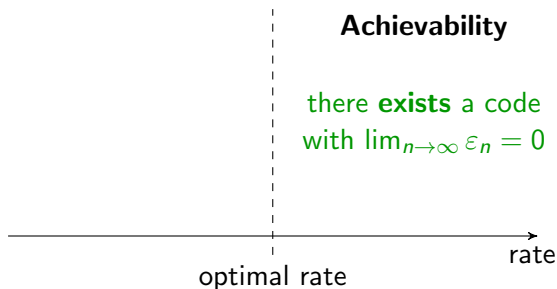
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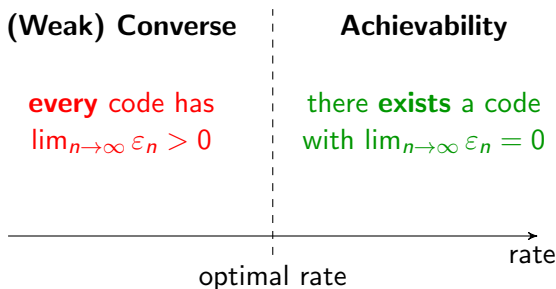
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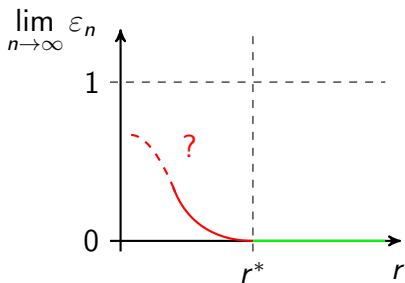
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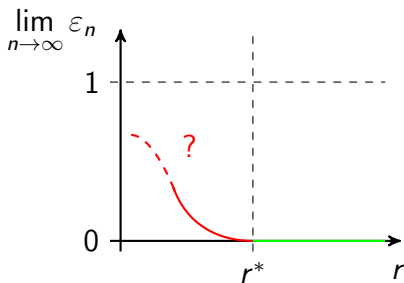
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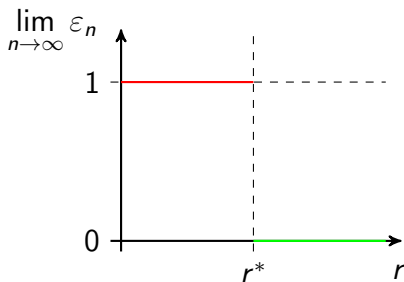
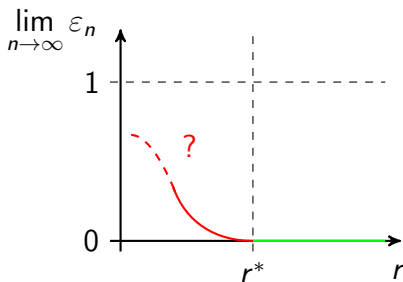
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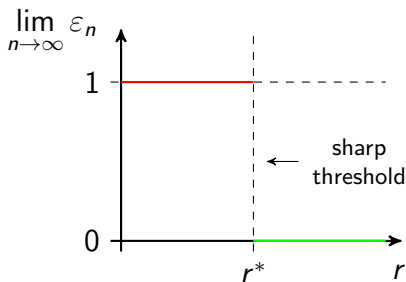
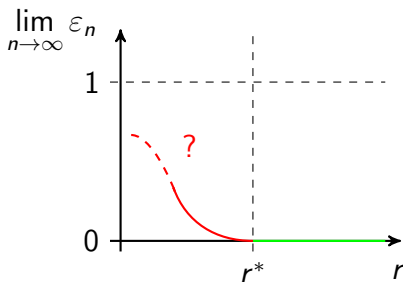
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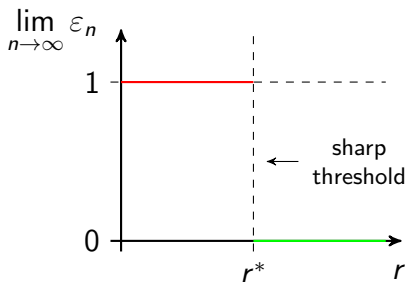
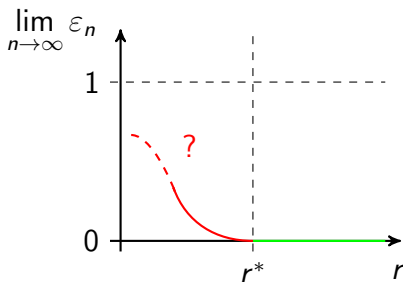
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- ▶ Rényi entropy approach [Arimoto 1973; Ogawa and Nagaoka 1999; Polyanskiy and Verdú 2010]

Definition (Rényi entropy of order α)

Let $\alpha \in (0, \infty) \setminus \{1\}$ and $\rho \in \mathcal{D}(\mathcal{H})$, then

$$S_\alpha(\rho) := \frac{1}{1-\alpha} \log \operatorname{Tr} \rho^\alpha.$$

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$$S_\alpha(\rho) \xrightarrow{\alpha \rightarrow 1} S(\rho)$$

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- ▶ Revisiting source compression [Sharma 2014]:

$$\varepsilon_n \geq 1 - \exp \{ -n\kappa(\alpha) [S_\alpha(\rho) - r] \}$$

with rate r , optimal rate $r^* = S(\rho)$, $\alpha > 1$, $\kappa(\alpha) > 0$.

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- 4 Setting $K := \kappa(\alpha_0)[S_{\alpha_0}(\rho) - r] > 0$, we obtain

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$$S_\alpha(A)_\rho - S_0(B)_\rho \leq S_\alpha(AB)_\rho \leq S_\alpha(A)_\rho + S_0(B)_\rho$$

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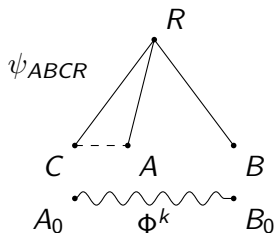
▷ **Fidelity bound:** Let $\rho, \sigma \in \mathcal{D}(\mathcal{H})$, and for $\alpha \in (1/2, 1)$ define $\beta(\alpha) := \alpha/(2\alpha - 1)$, then

$$S_\alpha(\rho) - S_{\beta(\alpha)}(\sigma) \geq \frac{2\alpha}{1-\alpha} \log F(\rho, \sigma).$$

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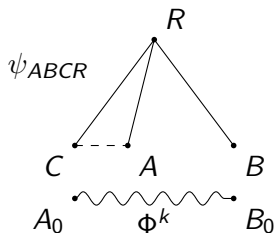
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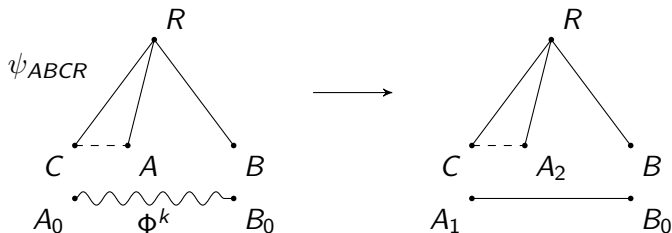
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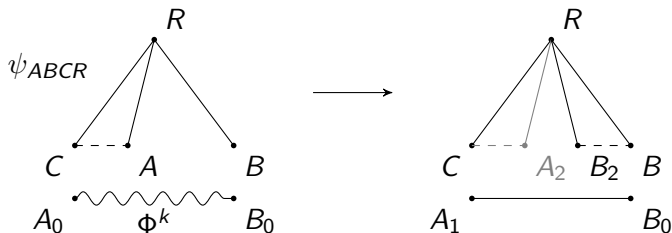
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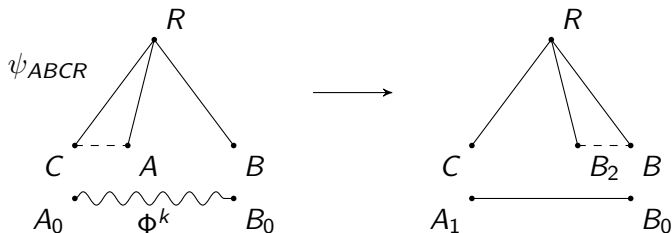
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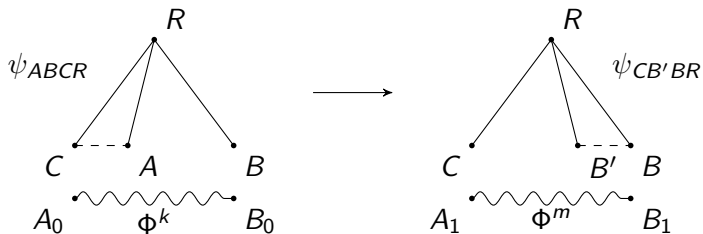
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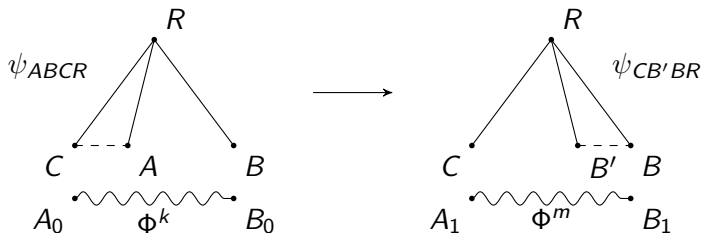
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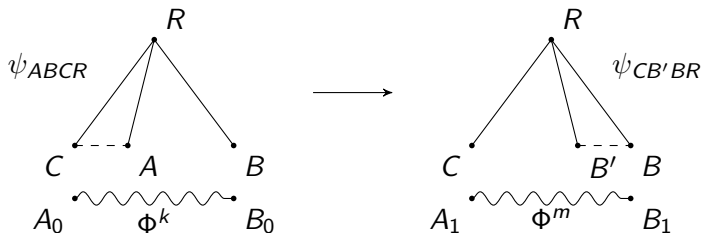
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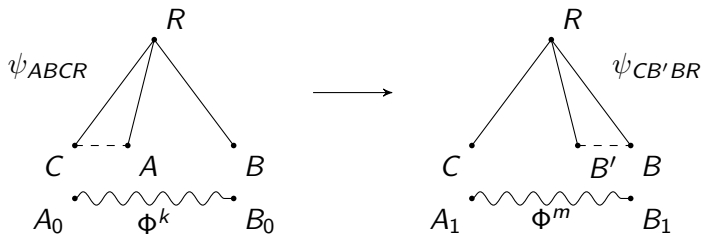
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- ▶ quantum communication: A_2^n
- ▶ final state: $\sigma_n \equiv (\Lambda_n \otimes \text{id}_{R^n})(\Omega^{\otimes n})$
- ▶ target state: n copies of $\hat{\Omega} \equiv \psi_{CB'BR} \otimes \Phi_{A_1 B_1}^m$
- ▶ figure of merit: $F_n := F(\sigma_n, \hat{\Omega}^{\otimes n})$
- ▶ quantum communication cost: $q(\rho^{\otimes n}, \Lambda_n) := \frac{1}{n} \log |A_2^n|$

State redistribution: protocol

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State redistribution: optimal rates

Definition

(e, q) is achievable: for $\rho \equiv \rho_{ABC}$ there is $\{(\rho^{\otimes n}, \Lambda_n)\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ with $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} F_n = 1$ and

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e(\rho^{\otimes n}, \Lambda_n) = e,$$

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The pair (e, q) is achievable if and only if

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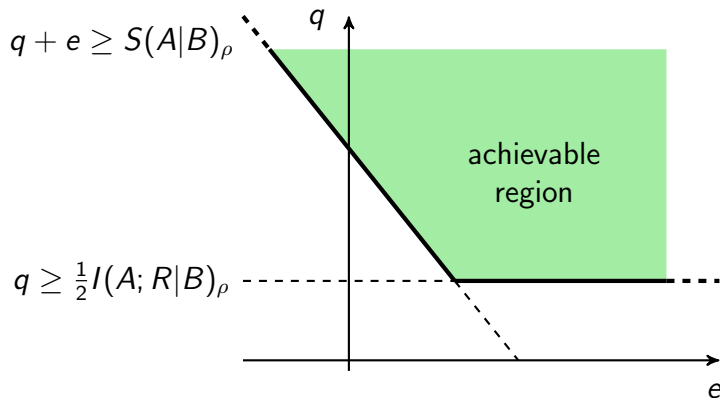
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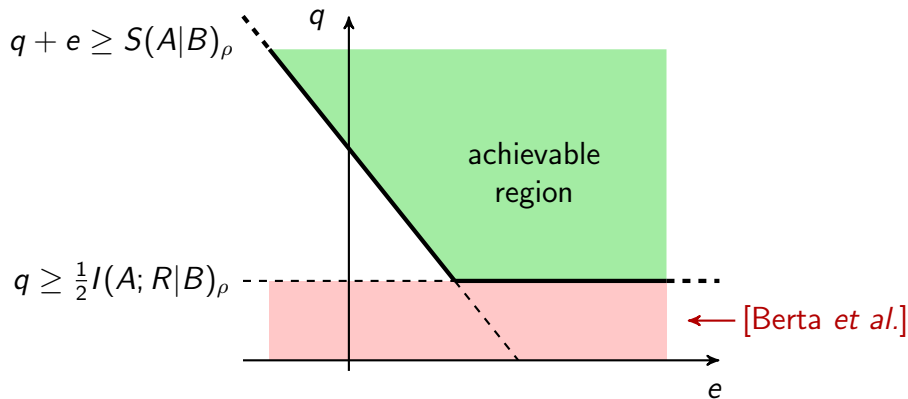
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Conditional mutual information (CMI): $I(A; R|B)_\rho = S(A|B)_\rho - S(A|RB)_\rho$

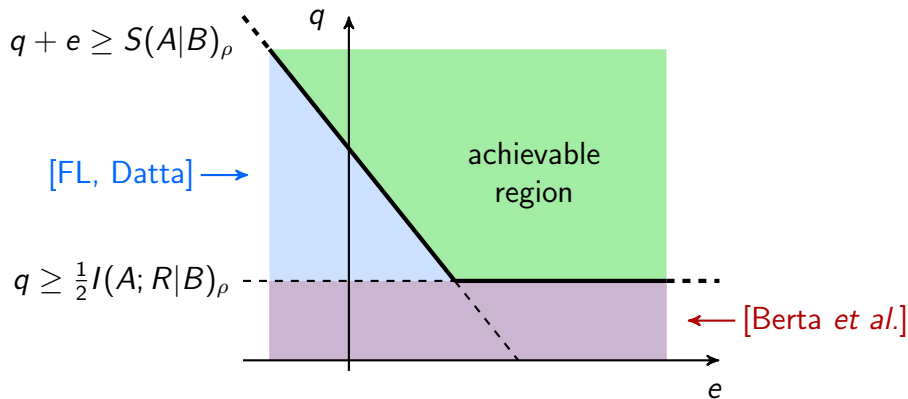
State redistribution: achievable region, strong converse



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State redistribution: Strong converse theorem

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Strong converse property for $q + e$

- ▶ Define state

$$|\omega_{CA_1A_2B_0BRE}\rangle := U_{\mathcal{E}} \left(|\psi_{ABCR}\rangle \otimes |\Phi_{A_0B_0}^k\rangle \right)$$

where $U_{\mathcal{E}}$ is a Stinespring isometry of Alice's encoding map $\mathcal{E} : ACA_0 \rightarrow CA_1A_2$ with environment E .

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- ▶ Subadditivity property yields

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- ▶ Fidelity bound for ω_{CA_1RE} and $\pi_{A_1}^m \otimes \rho_{CR} \otimes \phi_E$ yields

$$S_{\alpha}(CA_1RE)_{\omega} - S_{\beta}(CR)_{\rho} - \log |A_1| \geq \frac{2\alpha}{1-\alpha} \log F$$

where $F = F(\psi \otimes \Phi^m, (\mathcal{D} \circ \mathcal{E})(\psi \otimes \Phi^k))$.

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- ▶ For q -bound, assume isometric encoding \mathcal{E} , then use fidelity bound twice to obtain

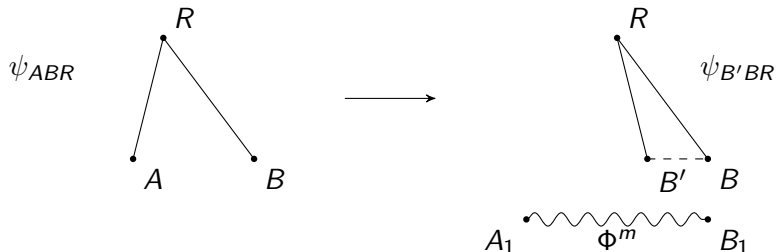
$$\frac{4\alpha}{1-\alpha} \log F_n \leq n[2q - S_\beta(AB)_\rho - S_\beta(BR)_\rho + S_\alpha(B)_\rho + S_\alpha(ABR)_\rho].$$

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- 1 Strong converse and Rényi entropies
- 2 State redistribution: definition and strong converse
- 3 Strong converse theorems for other protocols**
- 4 Extensions of our results

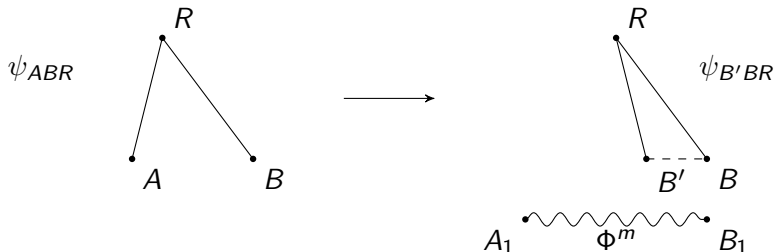
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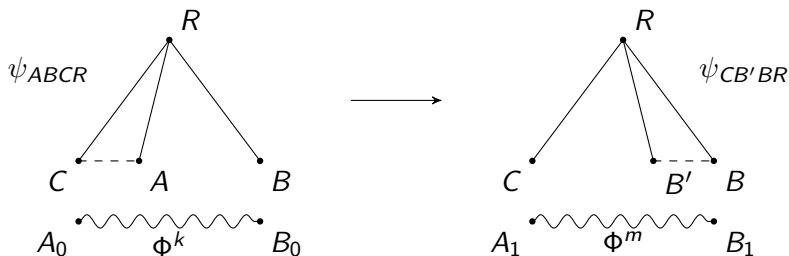
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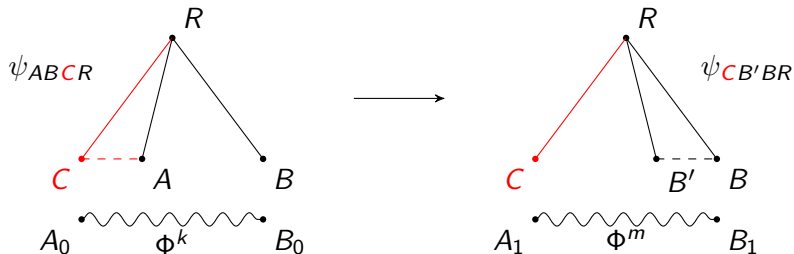
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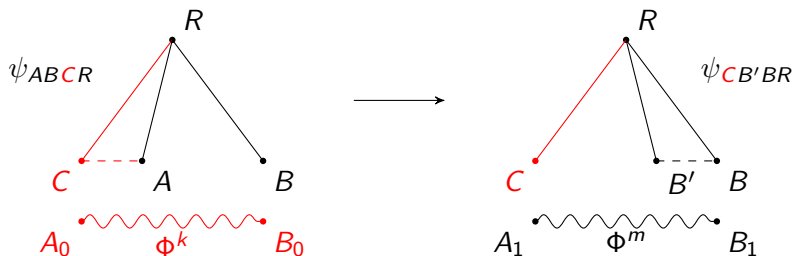
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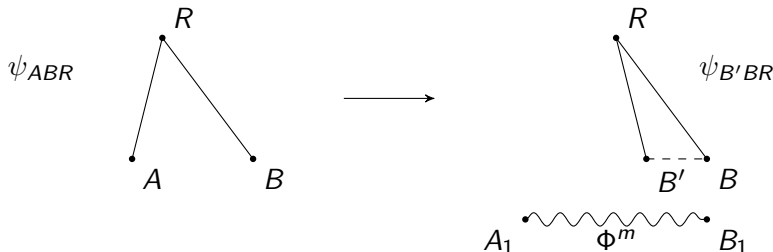
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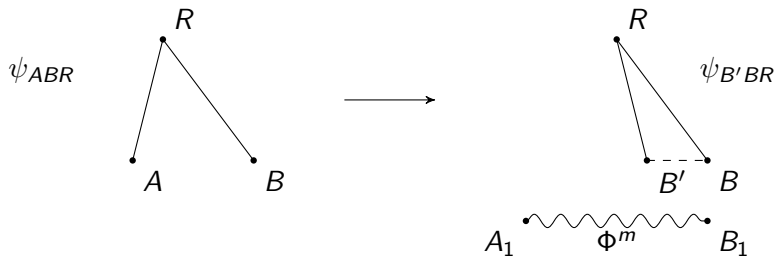
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Quantum state splitting

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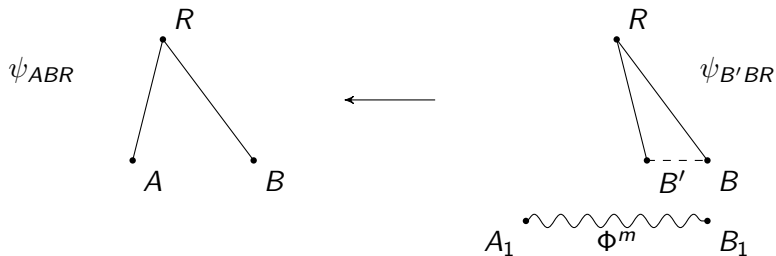
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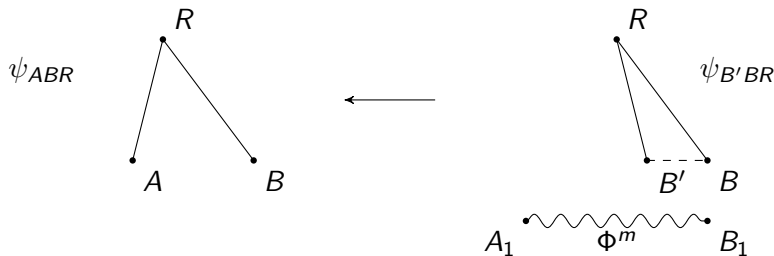
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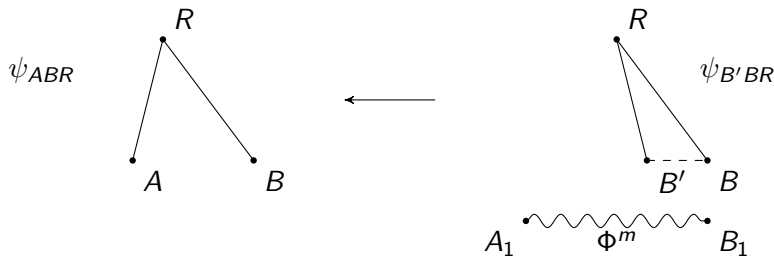
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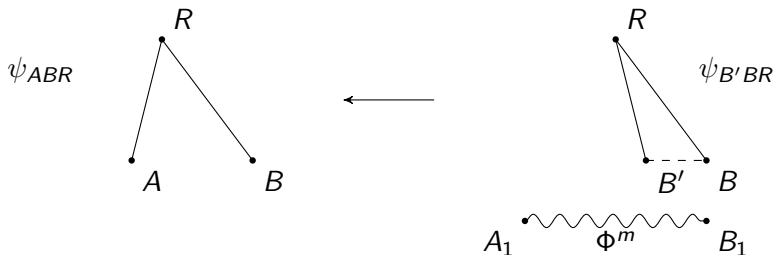


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Data compression with quantum side information

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$$p_n \leq \exp \left\{ -n\kappa(\alpha) [S_\beta(XB)_\rho - S_\alpha(B)_\rho - m] \right\},$$

where $\alpha \in (1/2, 1)$, $\beta \equiv \beta(\alpha) = \alpha/(2\alpha - 1)$, $\kappa(\alpha) = (1 - \alpha)/(2\alpha)$.

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- ▶ Fidelity bound on Rényi entropies yields strong converse bound.

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Randomness extraction against quantum side information

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- ▶ strong converse theorem with Renyi quantity $S_\alpha(XB)_\rho - S_\beta(B)_\rho$

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- 1 Strong converse and Rényi entropies
- 2 State redistribution: definition and strong converse
- 3 Strong converse theorems for other protocols
- 4 Extensions of our results**

Extending the fidelity bound

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- ▶ For example:

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Open question:

- ▶ Establish above quantities as strong converse exponents, e.g. prove existence of a code such that fidelity satisfies

$$F_n \geq 1 - \exp \{ -n\kappa(\alpha) [S_\beta(AB)_\rho - S_\alpha(B)_\rho - (q + e)] \}$$

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Thank you very much!