

Pattern formation in gap-junction coupled smooth muscle cells

Hammed O. Fatoyinbo

School of Fundamental Sciences
Massey University, New Zealand

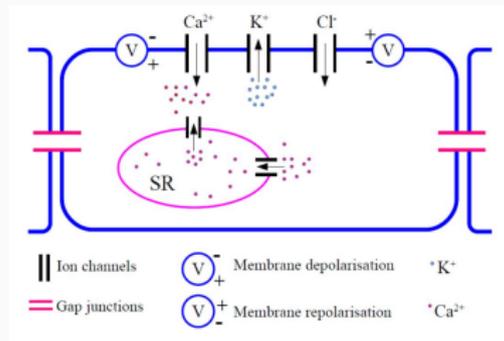


Introduction

- Electro-mechanical coupling (EMC) is the contraction of a smooth muscle cell (SMC) due to its excitation in response to an external stimulation.
- *Pacemaker dynamics* in SMCs.

Aims

- To investigate the influence of transmural pressure on EMC activity of SMCs in feline cerebral arteries.
- To study the collective behaviour of a population of coupled the SMCs.



Model Formulation

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \tau} = D \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial X^2} - \bar{g}_L(V - \bar{v}_L) - \bar{g}_K N(V - \bar{v}_K) - \bar{g}_{Ca} M_\infty(V)(V - 1), \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial \tau} = \lambda_N(V)(N_\infty(V) - N), \quad (2)$$

where V is the membrane potential, N is the fraction of open potassium channels, and

$$M_\infty(V) = 0.5 \left(1 + \tanh \left(\frac{V - \bar{v}_1}{\bar{v}_2} \right) \right),$$

$$N_\infty(V) = 0.5 \left(1 + \tanh \left(\frac{V - \bar{v}_3}{\bar{v}_4} \right) \right),$$

$$\lambda_N(V) = \psi \cosh \left(\frac{V - \bar{v}_3}{2\bar{v}_4} \right),$$

with no-flux boundary conditions and initial conditions:

$$V(0, X) = V_0(X) \quad \text{and} \quad N(0, X) = N_0(X), \quad \forall X \in \Omega.$$

Dynamics of an Isolated Cell

Modulation of model parameter induces type I and type II excitability.

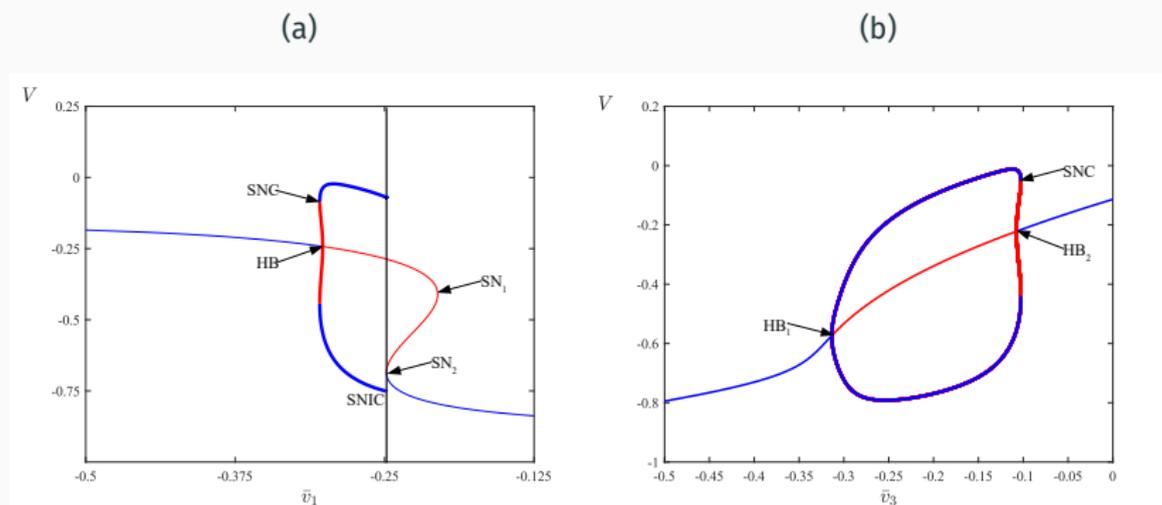


Figure 2: Bifurcation diagram of the membrane potential V with \bar{v}_1 and \bar{v}_3 as the bifurcation parameters.

Transition between Type I and Type II Excitability

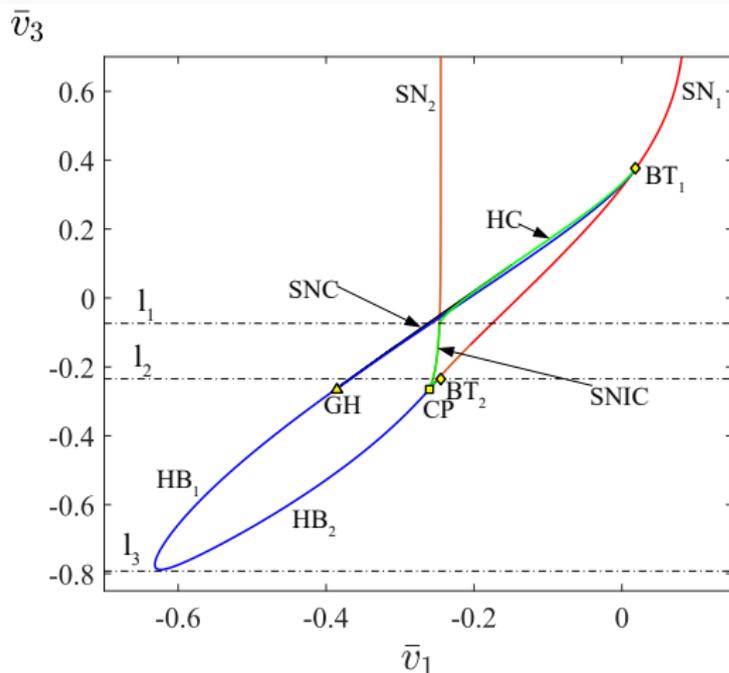


Figure 3: Codimension-2 bifurcation diagram in (\bar{v}_1, \bar{v}_3) -plane. The codimension-2 bifurcations are: Bogdanov-Takens-BT, Generalised Hopf-GH, Cusp point-CP

Spatiotemporal patterns: varying \bar{v}_1

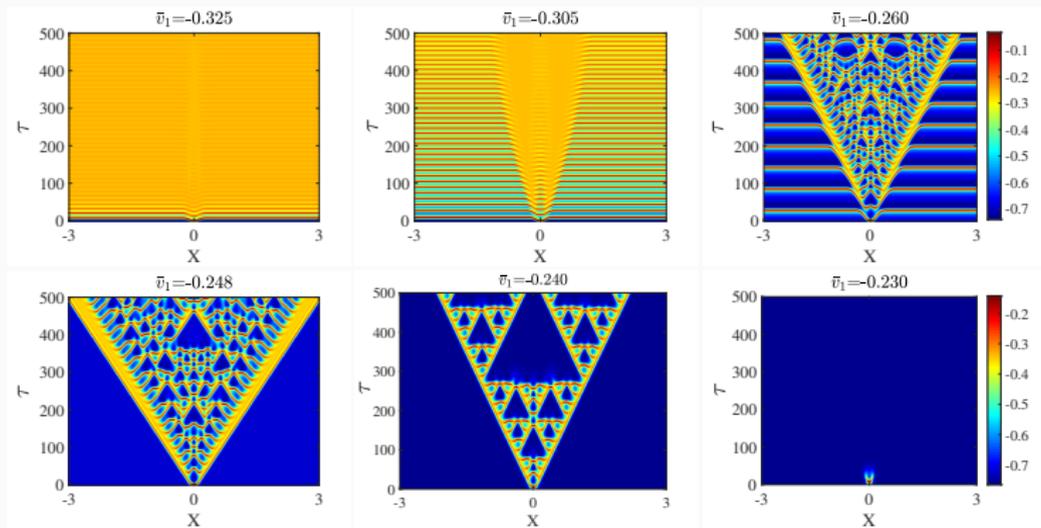


Figure 4: Space-time plot of the membrane potential V for selected values of parameter \bar{v}_1

Spatiotemporal patterns: varying ψ

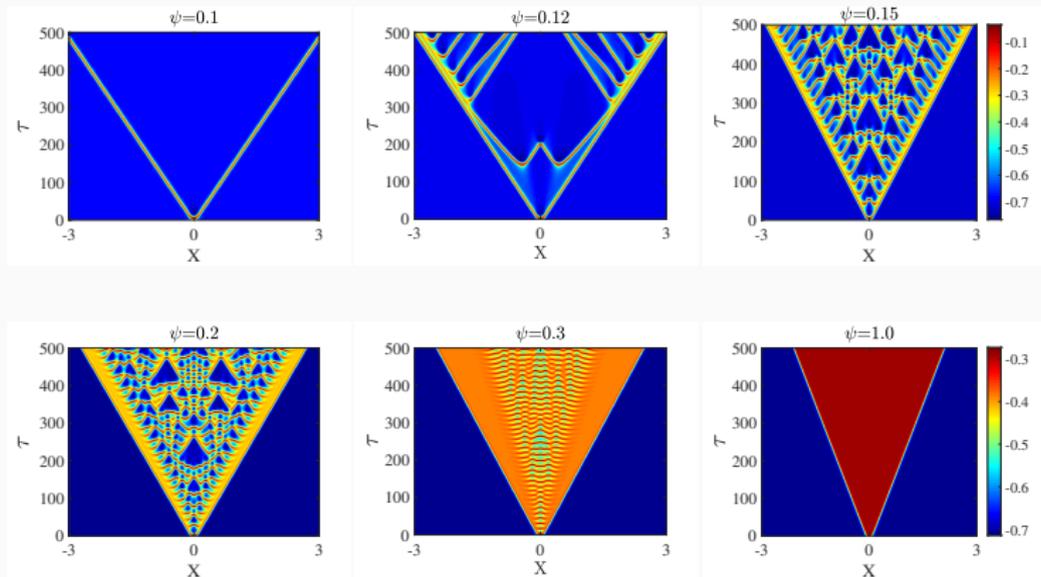


Figure 5: Space-time plot of the membrane potential V for selected values of parameter ψ

Conclusion

- It is found that the EMC is regulated by model parameters not external sources.
- The results indicate that in some parameter regimes the coupled cells exhibit spatiotemporal chaos.
- These results could be useful in improving the understanding of physiological responses and disorders in smooth muscle cells.

Ongoing work

- Spectral stability analysis of the travelling wave solutions observed in the model.

Questions?