

## Exercises.

- If  $F(n)$  is the  $n$ th Fibonacci number, then  $F(2^{1000})$  is an integer with  $10^{300}$  decimal digits. Determine the 20 least significant decimal digits of  $F(2^{1000})$ .
- Fix a random matrix  $A \in \mathbb{Z}^{100 \times 101}$  and a set of primes  $p_1, \dots, p_{100}$  with  $p_i \approx 2^i$ . For each  $i$  check how long your computer needs to find a basis of  $\ker A \pmod{p_i}$ .
- Use Chinese remaindering and rational reconstruction to find a basis vector of  $\ker A$  in  $\mathbb{Q}^{101}$ . How can we tell in advance how many primes are needed?

## Exercises.

- How long does it take on your computer to compute a Gröbner basis for 3 random polynomials in 4 variables of total degree 5?
- Let  $I, J \subseteq \mathbb{Q}[x, y, z]$  be ideals. Show that  $I \cap J$  is also an ideal, and that  $\dim I = \dim J = 0 \iff \dim(I \cap J) = 0$ . What does this mean geometrically?
- Given the minimal polynomials of two algebraic functions  $f(x), g(x)$ , how can we find the minimal polynomial of their composition  $h(x) := f(g(x))$ ?

## Exercises.

- Find a linear recurrence equation for  $\binom{2n}{n} + 2^n - \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{1+k^2}$ , and a differential equation for its generating function.
- How do we need to define  $\sigma$  and  $\delta$  in order to obtain an Ore algebra where  $\partial$  acts like  $\partial \cdot f(x) = f(x+1) - f(x)$ ?
- Show that when  $f(x)$  is differentially algebraic, then so are  $1/f(x)$ ,  $\sqrt{f(x)}$ ,  $\exp(f(x))$ , and  $\log(f(x))$ .