

Modular curves of prime-power level with infinitely many rational points

Andrew V. Sutherland
(joint work with David Zywina)

<http://arxiv.org/abs/1605.03988>

Arithmetic Aspects of Explicit Moduli Problems
Banff International Research Station

June 1, 2017

Galois representations

Let E be an elliptic curve over \mathbb{Q} and let $N \geq 1$ be an integer.

The Galois group $\text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q})$ acts on the N -torsion subgroup of $E(\overline{\mathbb{Q}})$

$$E[N] \simeq \mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z},$$

via its coordinate-wise action on points. This yields a representation

$$\rho_{E,N}: \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow \text{Aut}(E[N]) \simeq \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z}),$$

whose image we denote $G_E(N)$. By choosing bases compatibly, we can take inverse limits to obtain the adelic representation

$$\rho_E: \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow \varprojlim_N \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z}) \simeq \text{GL}_2(\hat{\mathbb{Z}}) \simeq \prod_\ell \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}_\ell).$$

whose image G_E is equipped with projection maps $\pi_N: G_E \rightarrow G_E(N)$.

Modular curves

Let $F_N := \mathbb{Q}(\zeta_N)(X(N))$. Then $F_1 = \mathbb{Q}(j)$ and F_N/F_1 is Galois with

$$\text{Gal}(F_N/F_1) \simeq \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})/\{\pm I\}.$$

Let $G \subseteq \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})$ be a group containing $-I$ with $\det(G) = (\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})^\times$.

The Galois action of $\alpha \in G$ on $f(\tau) = \sum a_n q^{n/N} \in F_N$ is defined by:

- ▶ $\alpha f := f(\gamma^t \tau)$ if $\alpha \equiv \gamma \pmod{N}$ with $\gamma \in \text{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$;
- ▶ $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & d \end{pmatrix} f := \sum \sigma_d(a_n) q^{n/N}$ where $\sigma_d(\zeta_N) := \zeta_N^d$.

Definition: X_G/\mathbb{Q} is the smooth projective curve with function field F_N^G .
The morphism $J_G: X_G \rightarrow X(1)$ is given by the inclusion $F_1 \subseteq F_N^G$.

If $H = \pi_M(\pi_N^{-1}(G))$ and $\pi_N^{-1}(G) = \pi_M^{-1}(H)$, then $X_G = X_H$.

The least such M is the *level* of G and X_G ; we identify G and $\pi_N^{-1}(G)$.

Proposition: For E/\mathbb{Q} with $j(E) \notin \{0, 1728\}$, up to conjugacy in $\text{GL}_2(\hat{\mathbb{Z}})$:

$$G_E \subseteq G \iff j(E) \in J_G(X_G(\mathbb{Q})).$$

Congruence subgroups

Given $G \subseteq \mathrm{GL}_2(\hat{\mathbb{Z}})$ of level N , let $\Gamma \subseteq \mathrm{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$ be the preimage of $\pi_N(G) \cap \mathrm{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})$ under the projection map $\mathrm{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow \mathrm{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})$.

Then Γ is a congruence subgroup of level N , and the modular curve $X_\Gamma := \Gamma \backslash \mathfrak{h}^*$ is isomorphic to the base change of X_G to \mathbb{C} .

The genus g of X_G and X_Γ must coincide, but their levels need not! (the level of X_Γ necessarily divides the level of X_G).

For each $g \geq 0$ we have $g(X_\Gamma) = g$ for only finitely many Γ [Den75]. For $g \leq 24$ these Γ can be found in the [tables](#) of Cummins and Pauli.

By contrast, we may have $g(X_G) = g$ for infinitely many X_G .

Call $g(X_G)$ the genus of G .

Restricting the level

For each odd prime p there is a $G \subseteq \mathrm{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/2p\mathbb{Z})$ of index 2 that surjects on to both $\mathrm{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})$ and $\mathrm{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z})$.

The corresponding X_G are all genus 0 curves isomorphic to $\mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{Q}}^1$ with maps $J_G: X_G \rightarrow X(1)$ given by $J_G(t) = 1728 + \left(\frac{-1}{p}\right)pt^2$.

One can similarly construct infinite families of genus 0 curves $X_G \simeq \mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{Q}}^1$ of level N divisible by any of 3, 5, 7, 13.

And one can take combinations: for example, there are 12 non-conjugate G of level 91 and index at least 24 with $X_G \simeq \mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{Q}}^1$.

So we really need to restrict the level in order to get a finite problem. We have the following previous results for prime level [Z15a, S15].

Theorem: *29 X_G of prime level have infinitely many rational points.*

Conjecture: *64 X_G of prime level have a non-cuspidal, non-CM rational point.*

Main result

Theorem: 248 modular curves X_G of prime power level infinitely many rational points. Of these, 220 have genus 0 and 28 have genus 1.¹

For each of these 248 curves we give explicit maps $J_G: X_G \rightarrow X(1)$.

Example: There is a unique X_G of genus 0 and level 27 for which $X_G(\mathbb{Q})$ is infinite. It arises for the group

$$G := \left\langle \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 9 & 5 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \right\rangle \subseteq \mathrm{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/27\mathbb{Z}).$$

The morphism $J_G: X_G \rightarrow X(1)$ is given by

$$J_G(t) = \frac{(t^3 + 3)^3(t^9 + 9t^6 + 27t^3 + 3)^3}{t^3(t^6 + 9t^3 + 27)}.$$

Remark: These maps can be used to construct models of modular curves of higher (possibly composite) level as fiber products.

¹The X_G of 2-power level were also found by Rouse and Zureick-Brown [RZB15].

Implications

For the groups G in our main theorem, we have an explicit description of the set of j -invariants of elliptic curves E/\mathbb{Q} for which $G_E \subseteq G$.

This effectively determines the possible images $G_E(\ell^\infty)$ of all ℓ -adic Galois representations

$$\rho_{E, \ell^\infty} : \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}_\ell)$$

for E/\mathbb{Q} , up to an (ineffective!) finite set of exceptional j -invariants.

Theorem: For $\ell = 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13$ there are 1201, 47, 23, 15, 2, 11 subgroups H of $\text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}_\ell)$ that arise as $G_E(\ell^\infty)$ for infinitely many E/\mathbb{Q} with distinct j -invariants; for $\ell > 13$ there is only $H = \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}_\ell)$.

Corollary: For each prime ℓ there is a finite set S_ℓ such that for E/\mathbb{Q} , either $j(E) \in S_\ell$ or $G_E(\ell^\infty)$ is one of the groups H in the theorem.

Note that the exceptional sets S_ℓ all include the 13 CM j -invariants.

Finiteness results

Call an open subgroup $G \subseteq \mathrm{GL}_2(\hat{\mathbb{Z}})$ *admissible* if

- (i) $\det(G) = \hat{\mathbb{Z}}^\times$;
- (ii) G contains an element $\mathrm{GL}_2(\hat{\mathbb{Z}})$ -conjugate to $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ (in other words, G admits complex conjugation);
- (iii) $-I \in G$ (in other words, G contains all its “twists”).

For E/\mathbb{Q} without CM, G_E automatically satisfies (i) and (ii), and $G_{E'}$ satisfies (iii) for all but finitely many quadratic twists E' of E .

Proposition: *For each $g \geq 0$, only finitely many admissible G of prime power level have genus g ; these G can be effectively enumerated.*

Lemma: *Let $G \subseteq \mathrm{GL}_2(\hat{\mathbb{Z}})$ and define $i_n := [\mathrm{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/\ell^n\mathbb{Z}) : \pi_{\ell^n}(G)]$. If $i_{n+1} = i_n$ for any $n \geq 2$ ($n \geq 1$ if $\ell > 2$) then $i_m = i_n$ for all $m \geq n$.*

Corollary: *Among the admissible groups G of prime power level, there are exactly 220 of genus 0 and 250 of genus 1.*

Admissible groups of genus 0 with $X_G(\mathbb{Q})$ infinite.

Theorem: Let G be admissible, of prime power level and genus 0. Then $X_G(\mathbb{Q})$ is infinite.

Proof: Let G be an admissible group of ℓ -power level and genus 0.

- ▶ Admissibility ensures $X_G(\mathbb{R}) \neq \emptyset$, since G admits complex conjugation. Indeed, for any E/\mathbb{Q} we have $\rho_E(\overline{\mathbb{Q}}/(\overline{\mathbb{Q}} \cap \mathbb{R})) \subseteq G$.
- ▶ For $p \nmid \ell$ we must have $X_G(\mathbb{Q}_p) \neq \emptyset$, since $\overline{X}_G(\mathbb{F}_p) \neq \emptyset$ (by Hensel).
- ▶ Therefore $X_G(\mathbb{Q}_\ell) \neq \emptyset$ (by Hilbert).
- ▶ Thus $X_G(\mathbb{Q}_p) \neq \emptyset$ for all $p \leq \infty$, so $X_G(\mathbb{Q}) \neq \emptyset$ (by Hasse).

The genus 0 curve X_G has a rational point, so $X_G \simeq \mathbb{P}^1$. □

Remark: The pointless conics in [RZB15] all occur for G that are inadmissible because they do not admit complex conjugation.

Admissible groups of genus 1 with $X_G(\mathbb{Q})$ infinite.

If $g = 1$ then $J_G := \text{Jac}(X_G)$ is an elliptic curve whose conductor is a power of a prime ℓ . There are only finitely many such elliptic curves, all of which can be found in Cremona's tables.

For a finite set S of small primes $p \nmid \ell$, their a_p -values distinguish their isogeny classes, and therefore their ranks.

For each of these $p \nmid \ell$ we compute $a_p = p + 1 - \#X_G(\mathbb{F}_p)$ by counting \mathbb{F}_p -points on X_G (as explained on the next slide).

If $J_G(\mathbb{Q})$ has rank 0 then $X_G(\mathbb{Q})$ is finite.

If $J_G(\mathbb{Q})$ has positive rank, either $X_G(\mathbb{Q}) = \emptyset$ or $X_G(\mathbb{Q})$ is infinite.

To distinguish which applies it suffices to find E/\mathbb{Q} with $G_E \subseteq G$.

Result: We find that only 28 of the 250 admissible groups of prime power level and genus 1 correspond to E_G with positive rank.

For each of these we can exhibit E/\mathbb{Q} with $G_E \subseteq G$.

Counting \mathbb{F}_p -points on X_G

$$\#X_G(\mathbb{F}_p) = \sum_{j \in \mathbb{F}_p} \#\{P \in Y_G(\mathbb{F}_p) : J_G(P) = j\} + \#X_G^\infty(\mathbb{F}_p)$$

To count the set of \mathbb{F}_p -rational cusps $X_G^\infty(\mathbb{F}_p)$ we count double cosets in $G \backslash \mathrm{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z}) / \langle \pm \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rangle$ fixed by the right action of $\chi_N(\mathrm{Frob}_p)$.

To compute the sum, for each $j \in \mathbb{F}_p$, fix any \bar{E}/\mathbb{F}_p with $j(\bar{E}) = j$.²

By a theorem of Duke and Tóth [DT02], there is an integer matrix A_p with $\mathrm{tr} A_p = p + 1 - \#\bar{E}(\mathbb{F}_p)$ and $\det A_p = p$ such that, up to conjugacy,

$$\rho_{E,N}(\mathrm{Frob}_p) \equiv A_p \pmod{N},$$

for any $E \equiv \bar{E} \pmod{p}$ and $N \perp p$; it can be efficiently computed [S15].

We can then compute $\#\{P \in Y_G(\mathbb{F}_p) : J_G(P) = j\}$ as the number of right cosets of $G \subseteq \mathrm{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})$ fixed by right multiplication by A_p (this amounts to computing the permutation character $\chi_G(A_p)$).

Key point: We don't need a model for X_G !

²For $j = 0, 1728$ one needs to modify this procedure.

Constructing the genus 0 maps $J_G: X_G \rightarrow X(1)$

We first search for distinct points j_0, j_1, j_∞ in the image of J_G by computing $G_{E,N}$ for many E/\mathbb{Q} using a fast Monte Carlo algorithm.

There exists $J \in \mathbb{Q}(t)$ such that $J(0) = j_0, J(1) = j_1, J(\infty) = j_\infty$ for which $\mathbb{Q}(X_G) = \mathbb{Q}(f)$ where $f \in \mathbb{Q}(X_G)$ satisfies $J(f) = j$.

Let $\Gamma \subseteq \mathrm{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$ be the inverse image of $\pi_N(G) \cap \mathrm{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})$.

Then $\mathbb{C}(X_\Gamma) = \mathbb{C}(h)$ for some modular function h of level N with a unique pole at the cusp ∞ (the function h is a *hauptmodul* for Γ).

We compute h using Siegel functions (see paper for details).

We have $\mathbb{Q}(\zeta_N)(X_G) = \mathbb{Q}(\zeta_N)(h)$ and $j = J'(h)$ for some $J' \in \mathbb{Q}(\zeta_N)(t)$ we can compute. Then $J(t) = J'(\psi(t))$ for some degree-1 ψ such that $J'(\psi(0)) = j_0, J'(\psi(1)) = j_1, J'(\psi(\infty)) = j_\infty$ (finitely many cases).

Now let $f := \psi^{-1}(h)$ and check whether G fixes f (if not, wrong ψ). We then have $J(f) = J'(h) = j$ as desired.

Key point: We can unconditionally verify that $\mathbb{Q}(X_G) = \mathbb{Q}(f)$ at the end (if not, redo the Monte Carlo step). This yields a Las Vegas algorithm.

#	group	i	N	generators	map	sup
0	1A ⁰ -1a	1	1			
1	3A ⁰ -3a	3	3	[0, 1, 2, 0], [1, 1, 1, 2], [1, 0, 0, 2]	t^3	0
2	3B ⁰ -3a	4	3	[0, 1, 2, 1], [1, 2, 0, 2]	$(t+3)^3(t+27)/t$	0
3	3C ⁰ -3a	6	3	[0, 1, 2, 0], [1, 0, 0, 2]	$(t-9)(t+3)/t$	1
4	3D ⁰ -3a	12	3	[2, 0, 0, 2], [1, 0, 0, 2]	$729/(t^3-27)$	2
					$-27(t-3)/(t^2+3t+9)$	3
5	9A ⁰ -9a	9	9	[0, 2, 4, 0], [1, 1, 4, 5], [1, 0, 0, 2]	t^3+9t-6	1
6	9B ⁰ -9a	12	9	[1, 1, 0, 1], [2, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 0, 2]	$t(t^2+9t+27)$	2
7	9C ⁰ -9a	12	9	[2, 0, 0, 5], [4, 2, 3, 4], [1, 0, 0, 2]	t^3	2
8	9D ⁰ -9a	18	9	[2, 0, 0, 5], [1, 3, 3, 1], [0, 2, 4, 0], [1, 0, 0, 2]	$-27/t^3$	3
					$(t^2-3)/t$	5
9	9E ⁰ -9a	18	9	[1, 3, 0, 1], [2, 1, 1, 1], [4, 2, 0, 5]	$-9(t^3+3t^2-9t-3)/(8t^3)$	1
10	9F ⁰ -9a	27	9	[0, 2, 4, 1], [4, 3, 5, 4], [4, 5, 0, 5]	$\frac{3^7(t^2-1)^3(t^6+3t^5+6t^4+t^3-3t^2+12t+16)^3}{(2t^3+3t^2-3t-5)^{-1}(t^3-3t-1)^9}$	0
11	9G ⁰ -9a	27	9	[0, 4, 2, 3], [5, 1, 1, 4], [5, 3, 0, 4]	$\frac{(t^3-9t-12)(9-3t^3)(5t^3+18t^2+18t+3)}{(t^3+3t^2-3)^3}$	1
12	9H ⁰ -9a	36	9	[1, 3, 0, 1], [5, 0, 3, 2], [1, 0, 2, 2]	$3(t^3+9)/t^3$	4
					$3t/(2t^2-3t+6)$	9
13	9H ⁰ -9b	36	9	[1, 3, 0, 1], [5, 0, 3, 2], [2, 1, 0, 1]	$3(t^3+9t^2-9t-9)/(t^3-9t^2-9t+9)$	4
14	9H ⁰ -9c	36	9	[1, 3, 0, 1], [5, 0, 3, 2], [4, 2, 0, 5]	$-6(t^3-9t)/(t^3+9t^2-9t-9)$	4
					$-(t^2+3)/(t^2+8t+3)$	10
15	9I ⁰ -9a	36	9	[2, 1, 0, 5], [1, 2, 3, 2]	$-6(t^3-9t)/(t^3-3t^2-9t+3)$	6
16	9I ⁰ -9b	36	9	[2, 1, 0, 5], [4, 0, 3, 5]	$-3(t^3+9t^2-9t-9)/(t^3+3t^2-9t-3)$	6
17	9I ⁰ -9c	36	9	[2, 2, 0, 5], [2, 2, 3, 1]	$(t^3-6t^2+3t+1)/(t^2-t)$	6
18	9J ⁰ -9a	36	9	[1, 3, 0, 1], [2, 2, 3, 8], [1, 2, 0, 2]	$(t^3-3t+1)/(t^2-t)$	7
19	9J ⁰ -9b	36	9	[1, 3, 0, 1], [2, 2, 3, 8], [2, 1, 0, 1]	$-18(t^2-1)/(t^3-3t^2-9t+3)$	7
20	9J ⁰ -9c	36	9	[1, 3, 0, 1], [5, 2, 3, 5], [4, 0, 0, 5]	$3(t^3+3t^2-9t-3)/(t^3-3t^2-9t+3)$	7
21	27A ⁰ -27a	36	27	[1, 1, 0, 1], [2, 1, 9, 5], [1, 2, 3, 2]	t^3	6

group	i	N	generators	map	supergroup
$1A^0-1a$	1	1			
$5A^0-5a$	5	5	[2, 1, 0, 3], [1, 2, 2, 0], [1, 1, 0, 2]	$t^3(t^2 + 5t + 40)$	$1A^0-1a$
$5B^0-5a$	6	5	[2, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 0, 2]	$(t^2 + 10t + 5)^3 / t$	$1A^0-1a$
$5C^0-5a$	10	5	[3, 1, 0, 2], [1, 2, 2, 0], [2, 2, 2, 1]	$8000t^3(t+1)(t^2-5t+10)^3 / (t^2-5)^5$	$1A^0-1a$
$5D^0-5a$	12	5	[4, 0, 1, 4], [1, 0, 0, 2]	$125t / (t^2 - 11t - 1)$	$5B^0-5a$
$5D^0-5b$	12	5	[4, 0, 1, 4], [2, 0, 0, 1]	$(t^2 - 11t - 1) / t$	$5B^0-5a$
$5E^0-5a$	15	5	[2, 1, 0, 3], [2, 0, 2, 3], [1, 0, 2, 2]	$(t+5)(t^2-5) / (t^2+5t+5)$	$5A^0-5a$
$5G^0-5a$	30	5	[3, 1, 0, 2], [2, 1, 0, 1]	$125 / (t(t^4 + 5t^3 + 15t^2 + 25t + 25))$	$5E^0-5a$
				$(t^2 + 5) / t$	$5B^0-5a$
$5G^0-5b$	30	5	[3, 1, 0, 2], [2, 1, 3, 3]	$-t(t^2 + 5t + 10) / (t^3 + 5t^2 + 10t + 10)$	$5C^0-5a$
				$-5(t^2 + 4t + 5) / (t^2 + 5t + 5)$	$5E^0-5a$
$5H^0-5a$	60	5	[4, 0, 0, 4], [2, 0, 0, 1]	$-1 / t^5$	$5D^0-5a$
				$\frac{-t^4 - 2t^3 + 4t^2 - 3t + 1}{t(t^4 + 3t^3 + 4t^2 + 2t + 1)}$	$5D^0-5b$
				$5t / (t^2 - t - 1)$	$5G^0-5a$
$25A^0-25a$	30	25	[2, 2, 0, 13], [4, 1, 3, 1], [2, 3, 0, 6]	$(t-1)(t^4 + t^3 + 6t^2 + 6t + 11)$	$5B^0-5a$
$25B^0-25a$	60	25	[9, 10, 0, 14], [0, 7, 7, 2], [2, 8, 0, 1]	$-t^5$	$5D^0-5b$
				$(1 - t^2) / t$	$25A^0-25a$
$25B^0-25b$	60	25	[9, 10, 0, 14], [0, 7, 7, 2], [4, 1, 0, 7]	$\frac{-t^4 - 2t^3 + 4t^2 - 3t + 1}{t(t^4 + 3t^3 + 4t^2 + 2t + 1)}$	$5D^0-5a$
				$(t^2 + 4t - 1) / (t^2 - t - 1)$	$25A^0-25a$
$7B^0-7a$	8	7	[2, 0, 0, 4], [3, 0, 1, 5], [1, 0, 0, 3]	$(t^2 + 5t + 1)^3(t^2 + 13t + 49) / t$	$1A^0-1a$
$7D^0-7a$	21	7	[0, 3, 2, 3], [2, 4, 4, 5], [3, 1, 0, 4]	$\frac{(2t-1)^3(t^2-t+2)^3(2t^2+5t+4)^3(5t^2+2t-4)^3}{(t^3+2t^2-t-1)^7}$	$1A^0-1a$
$7E^0-7a$	24	7	[6, 0, 1, 6], [1, 0, 0, 3]	$49(t^2 - t) / (t^3 - 8t^2 + 5t + 1)$	$7B^0-7a$
$7E^0-7b$	24	7	[6, 0, 1, 6], [3, 0, 0, 1]	$(t^3 - 8t^2 + 5t + 1) / (t^2 - t)$	$7B^0-7a$
$7E^0-7c$	24	7	[6, 0, 1, 6], [3, 0, 0, 4]	$-7(t^3 - 2t^2 - t + 1) / (t^3 - t^2 - 2t + 1)$	$7B^0-7a$
$7F^0-7a$	28	7	[3, 1, 4, 4], [4, 4, 1, 3], [3, 4, 0, 4]	$\frac{t(t+1)^3(t^2-5t+1)^3(t^2-5t+8)^3}{(t^4-5t^3+8t^2-7t+7)^{-3}(t^3-4t^2+3t+1)^7}$	$1A^0-1a$
$13A^0-13a$	14	13	[2, 0, 0, 7], [1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 0, 2]	$(t^2 + 5t + 13)(t^4 + 7t^3 + 20t^2 + 19t + 1)^3 / t$	$1A^0-1a$
$13B^0-13a$	28	13	[3, 0, 0, 9], [4, 0, 1, 10], [1, 0, 0, 2]	$13t / (t^2 - 3t - 1)$	$13A^0-13a$
$13B^0-13b$	28	13	[3, 0, 0, 9], [4, 0, 1, 10], [2, 0, 0, 1]	$(t^2 - 3t - 1) / t$	$13A^0-13a$
$13C^0-13a$	42	13	[5, 0, 0, 8], [1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 0, 2]	$13(t^2 - t) / (t^3 - 4t^2 + t + 1)$	$13A^0-13a$
$13C^0-13b$	42	13	[5, 0, 0, 8], [1, 0, 1, 1], [2, 0, 0, 1]	$(t^3 - 4t^2 + t + 1) / (t^2 - t)$	$13A^0-13a$
$13C^0-13c$	42	13	[5, 0, 0, 8], [1, 0, 1, 1], [2, 0, 0, 3]	$-(5t^3 - 7t^2 - 8t + 5) / (t^3 - 4t^2 + t + 1)$	$13A^0-13a$

group	i	N	generators	map	supergroup
$1A^0-1a$	1	1			
$2A^0-2a$	2	2	$[0, 1, 1, 1]$	$t^2 + 1728$	$1A^0-1a$
$2A^0-4a$	2	4	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [1, 1, 1, 2], [1, 1, 0, 3]$	$-t^2 + 1728$	$1A^0-1a$
$2A^0-8a$	2	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [1, 1, 1, 2], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 1, 0, 5]$	$-2t^2 + 1728$	$1A^0-1a$
$2A^0-8b$	2	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [1, 1, 1, 2], [1, 1, 0, 3], [1, 1, 0, 5]$	$2t^2 + 1728$	$1A^0-1a$
$2B^0-2a$	3	2	$[0, 1, 1, 0]$	$(256 - t)^3/t^2$	$1A^0-1a$
$2C^0-2a$	6	2		$-t^2 + 64$	$2B^0-2a$
$2C^0-4a$	6	4	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 2, 1], [1, 1, 0, 3]$	$64(t^2 + 1)$	$2B^0-2a$
$2C^0-8a$	6	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 2, 1], [1, 0, 0, 3], [0, 1, 1, 0]$	$32(t^2 + 2)$	$2B^0-2a$
$2C^0-8b$	6	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 2, 1], [1, 1, 0, 3], [1, 1, 0, 5]$	$-32(t^2 - 2)$	$2B^0-2a$
$4A^0-4a$	4	4	$[1, 1, 1, 2], [0, 1, 3, 0], [1, 1, 0, 3]$	$4t^3(8 - t)$	$1A^0-1a$
$4B^0-4a$	6	4	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [0, 1, 3, 2], [1, 0, 0, 3]$	$256/(t^2 + 4)$	$2B^0-2a$
$4B^0-4b$	6	4	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [0, 1, 3, 2], [1, 2, 0, 3]$	$-4096/(t^2 + 16t)$	$2B^0-2a$
$4B^0-8a$	6	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$-512/(t^2 - 8)$	$2B^0-2a$
$4B^0-8b$	6	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$512/(t^2 + 8)$	$2B^0-2a$
$4C^0-4a$	6	4	$[1, 2, 2, 1], [0, 1, 3, 0], [1, 0, 0, 3]$	t^2	$2B^0-2a$
$4C^0-4b$	6	4	$[1, 2, 2, 1], [0, 1, 3, 0], [1, 2, 0, 3]$	$-t^2$	$2B^0-2a$
$4C^0-8a$	6	8	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [2, 1, 3, 2], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$-128t^2$	$2B^0-2a$
$4C^0-8b$	6	8	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [2, 1, 3, 2], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$128t^2$	$2B^0-2a$
$4D^0-4a$	8	4	$[2, 1, 1, 3], [1, 1, 0, 3]$	$-(t^2 + 2t - 2)/t$	$4A^0-4a$
$4D^0-8a$	8	8	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [2, 1, 5, 3], [3, 3, 0, 5], [0, 1, 3, 0]$	$(t^2 + 4t - 2)/(4 - 2t^2)$	$4A^0-4a$
$4E^0-4a$	12	4	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 2, 2, 1], [0, 1, 1, 0]$	$(t^2 - 1)/(2t)$	$2C^0-4a$
$4E^0-4b$	12	4	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 2, 2, 1], [1, 0, 0, 3]$	$8(2t^2 + 1)$	$2C^0-2a$
$4E^0-4c$	12	4	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 2, 2, 1], [1, 2, 0, 3]$	$4(t^2 + 1)/t$	$2C^0-2a$
$4E^0-8a$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 5], [1, 0, 0, 3], [0, 1, 1, 0]$	$4t/(t^2 - 2)$	$2C^0-8a$
$4E^0-8b$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 5], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$8(t^2 - 1)$	$2C^0-2a$
$4E^0-8c$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 5], [1, 2, 0, 3], [0, 1, 1, 0]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$2C^0-8a$
$4E^0-8d$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 5], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$8(t^2 + 1)$	$2C^0-2a$
$4E^0-8e$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 5], [1, 2, 0, 5], [0, 1, 1, 0]$	$(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 - 2t - 1)$	$4C^0-8b$
$4E^0-8f$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 5], [3, 0, 0, 5], [0, 1, 3, 2]$	$(t^2 + 2t - 1)/(t^2 + 1)$	$2C^0-8b$
$4E^0-8g$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 5], [3, 0, 0, 5], [2, 1, 1, 2]$	$4t/(t^2 + 2)$	$2C^0-8b$
$4E^0-8h$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 5], [3, 2, 0, 5], [0, 1, 3, 0]$	$2(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 + 2t - 1)$	$2C^0-8b$
$4E^0-8i$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 5], [3, 2, 0, 5], [2, 1, 1, 2]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$2C^0-8b$

group	i	N	generators	map	super
$4F^0-4a$	12	4	$[0, 1, 3, 0], [1, 0, 0, 3]$	$8(r^2 - 1)$	$4C^0-4a$
$4F^0-4b$	12	4	$[0, 1, 3, 0], [2, 1, 1, 2]$	$8(r^2 + 1)$	$4C^0-4a$
$4F^0-8a$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$4(r^2 + 2)$	$4C^0-4a$
$4F^0-8b$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$4(r^2 - 2)$	$4C^0-4a$
$4G^0-16a$	24	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 0, 11], [1, 0, 4, 1], [1, 1, 0, 5], [1, 5, 2, 5]$	$(1 - r^2)/(2r)$	$4E^0-8f$
$4G^0-4a$	24	4	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 3]$	$1/4r^2$	$4E^0-4c$
$4G^0-4b$	24	4	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 3, 0, 3]$	$r^2/2$	$4E^0-4a$
$4G^0-8a$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 4, 1], [0, 1, 3, 0], [2, 1, 5, 2]$	$4r/(r^2 - 2)$	$4F^0-4b$
$4G^0-8b$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 4, 1], [1, 0, 0, 3], [0, 1, 1, 0]$	$2(r^2 + 2r + 2)/(r^2 - 2)$	$4F^0-4a$
$4G^0-8c$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 4, 1], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$r^2/2$	$4E^0-4c$
$4G^0-8d$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 4, 1], [1, 2, 0, 5], [3, 0, 2, 5]$	$2(r^2 - 1)/(r^2 + 1)$	$4F^0-8b$
$4G^0-8e$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 4, 1], [1, 3, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	r^2	$4E^0-4a$
$4G^0-8f$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 4, 1], [1, 3, 0, 3], [1, 3, 2, 3]$	$4r/(r^2 + 2)$	$4F^0-4a$
$8B^0-8a$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 2, 2, 5], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$16r^2$	$4C^0-4a$
$8B^0-8b$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 2, 2, 5], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$32r^2$	$4C^0-4a$
$8B^0-8c$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 2, 2, 5], [3, 2, 0, 1], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$32r^2$	$4C^0-4b$
$8B^0-8d$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 2, 2, 5], [3, 2, 0, 1], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$16r^2$	$4C^0-4b$
$8C^0-8a$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$-8r^2$	$4B^0-4b$
$8C^0-8b$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$-4(r^2 + 4)$	$4B^0-4b$
$8C^0-8c$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 2, 0, 1], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$-8(r^2 + 2)$	$4B^0-4b$
$8C^0-8d$	12	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 2, 0, 1], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$-r^2$	$4B^0-4b$
$8D^0-8a$	12	8	$[2, 1, 3, 2], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$16/(r^2 - 2)$	$4C^0-4a$
$8D^0-8b$	12	8	$[2, 1, 3, 2], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$32/(r^2 + 4)$	$4C^0-4a$
$8D^0-8c$	12	8	$[2, 1, 3, 2], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 4, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$16/(r^2 + 2)$	$4C^0-4a$
$8D^0-8d$	12	8	$[2, 1, 3, 2], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 4, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$32/(r^2 - 4)$	$4C^0-4a$
$8E^0-16a$	16	16	$[3, 4, 0, 11], [2, 3, 3, 5], [3, 3, 0, 5], [0, 1, 3, 0]$	$-4r/(r^2 + 2)$	$4D^0-8a$
$8E^0-16b$	16	16	$[3, 4, 0, 11], [2, 3, 3, 5], [3, 3, 0, 5], [0, 3, 1, 0]$	$-2(r^2 - 2r + 2)/(r^2 - 4r + 2)$	$4D^0-8a$
$8F^0-8a$	16	8	$[1, 1, 1, 2], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 3, 0, 5], [2, 1, 1, 3]$	$8(r^4 - 4r^2 - 8r - 4)/(r^2 - 2)^2$	$4A^0-4a$
$8G^0-16a$	24	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 0, 11], [1, 0, 8, 1], [3, 1, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$(1 - r^2)/(2r)$	$4E^0-8e$

group	i	N	generators	map	supergroup
$8G^0-8a$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 - 1)/t$	$8C^0-8b$
$8G^0-8b$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 4, 5]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$8C^0-8a$
$8G^0-8c$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 1, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$4E^0-8c$
$8G^0-8d$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 0, 5], [3, 0, 2, 1]$	$t^2/2$	$4E^0-4b$
$8G^0-8e$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 2, 3], [3, 2, 2, 1]$	t^2	$4E^0-4b$
$8G^0-8f$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 1, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 - 1)/(2t)$	$4E^0-4a$
$8G^0-8g$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 1, 0, 3], [1, 1, 4, 1]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$4E^0-8i$
$8G^0-8h$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 1, 0, 3], [3, 2, 2, 1]$	$2(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 + 2t - 1)$	$4E^0-8g$
$8G^0-8i$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [1, 3, 2, 3], [3, 2, 2, 1]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$4E^0-8g$
$8G^0-8j$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 1, 4, 1]$	$2(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 - 2t - 1)$	$4E^0-8i$
$8G^0-8k$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [3, 1, 0, 5], [1, 0, 4, 5]$	$2(t^2 - 1)/(t^2 + 1)$	$8D^0-8a$
$8G^0-8l$	24	8	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [3, 0, 0, 3], [5, 0, 0, 5], [3, 1, 0, 5], [3, 0, 2, 1]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$4E^0-8a$
$8H^0-8a$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$2t/(t^2 - 2)$	$8B^0-8a$
$8H^0-8b$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 2, 2, 3]$	$4t/(t^2 - 2)$	$4F^0-8a$
$8H^0-8c$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$t/(t^2 + 1)$	$8B^0-8b$
$8H^0-8d$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 3]$	$(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 + 2t - 1)$	$8B^0-8a$
$8H^0-8e$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 4, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$2t/(t^2 + 2)$	$8B^0-8a$
$8H^0-8f$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 4, 0, 3], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$4F^0-8a$
$8H^0-8g$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 4, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$t/(t^2 - 1)$	$8B^0-8b$
$8H^0-8h$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 4, 0, 5], [2, 1, 1, 2]$	$(t^2 - 1)/(2t)$	$4F^0-4b$
$8H^0-8i$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$4F^0-8b$
$8H^0-8j$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 0, 0, 5], [2, 3, 5, 2]$	$2(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 + 2t - 1)$	$4F^0-8b$
$8H^0-8k$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 4, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$(t^2 + 2t - 1)/(t^2 + 1)$	$4F^0-8b$
$8H^0-8l$	24	8	$[3, 0, 0, 3], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 4, 0, 5], [2, 1, 1, 2]$	$4t/(t^2 + 2)$	$4F^0-8b$
$8I^0-8a$	24	8	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 4, 0, 5], [1, 6, 0, 3]$	$4t^2/(t^2 - 2)$	$8C^0-8d$
$8I^0-8b$	24	8	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 2, 0, 1], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$4t^2/(t^2 + 2)$	$8C^0-8d$
$8I^0-8c$	24	8	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 2, 0, 1], [5, 4, 0, 1]$	$4/(t^2 - 1)$	$8C^0-8d$
$8I^0-8d$	24	8	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [0, 3, 5, 2], [5, 2, 0, 3], [5, 4, 0, 1]$	$4/(t^2 + 1)$	$8C^0-8d$
$8J^0-8a$	24	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 2, 4, 1], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 + 2)/t^2$	$4E^0-4c$
$8J^0-8b$	24	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 2, 4, 1], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$t^2 - 1$	$4E^0-4c$
$8J^0-8c$	24	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 2, 4, 1], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$t^2/(t^2 - 2)$	$4E^0-4c$
$8J^0-8d$	24	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 2, 4, 1], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$t^2 + 1$	$4E^0-4c$

group	i	N	generators	map	super
$8K^0-16a$	24	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$(t^2 + 4)/2$	$4F^0-8b$
$8K^0-16b$	24	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [0, 3, 5, 0], [7, 0, 0, 9], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$(t^2 - 4)/2$	$4F^0-8b$
$8K^0-16c$	24	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [2, 3, 1, 2], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$t^2 + 2$	$4F^0-8b$
$8K^0-16d$	24	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [2, 3, 1, 2], [7, 0, 0, 9], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$t^2 - 2$	$4F^0-8b$
$8L^0-8a$	24	8	$[0, 3, 5, 0], [5, 2, 2, 1], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 - 2t - 1)/(4t)$	$8B^0-8d$
$8L^0-8b$	24	8	$[0, 3, 5, 0], [5, 2, 2, 1], [5, 4, 0, 1], [3, 6, 0, 1]$	$2t/(t^2 - 2t - 1)$	$8B^0-8d$
$8N^0-16a$	48	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [1, 0, 4, 1], [0, 1, 1, 0], [2, 3, 5, 6]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$4G^0-8a$
$8N^0-16b$	48	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [1, 0, 4, 1], [0, 1, 5, 0], [2, 5, 1, 2]$	$t^2/2$	$4G^0-8e$
$8N^0-16c$	48	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [1, 0, 4, 1], [1, 2, 2, 1], [0, 5, 1, 0]$	$4t/(t^2 - 1)$	$8K^0-16c$
$8N^0-16d$	48	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [1, 0, 4, 1], [3, 2, 2, 5], [2, 3, 5, 6]$	$2(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 - 2t - 1)$	$4G^0-8a$
$8N^0-16e$	48	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [1, 0, 4, 1], [7, 0, 0, 9], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	$(t^2 - 1)/(2t)$	$4G^0-8d$
$8N^0-16f$	48	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [1, 0, 4, 1], [7, 0, 0, 9], [2, 1, 1, 6]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$4G^0-8f$
$8N^0-32a$	48	32	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [15, 0, 0, 15], [7, 0, 0, 23], [1, 0, 4, 1], [3, 0, 0, 5], [2, 3, 1, 0]$	$(1 - 2t - t^2)/(t^2 - 2t - 1)$	$4G^0-16a$
$8N^0-8a$	48	8	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 0, 4, 1], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	t^2	$4G^0-4a$
$8N^0-8b$	48	8	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 0, 4, 1], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$4G^0-8c$
$8N^0-8c$	48	8	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 0, 4, 1], [1, 2, 0, 3], [3, 2, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 + 1)/t$	$4G^0-4a$
$8N^0-8d$	48	8	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 0, 4, 1], [3, 0, 0, 1], [1, 0, 2, 5]$	$2(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 + 2t - 1)$	$4G^0-8c$
$8N^0-8e$	48	8	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 0, 4, 1], [3, 0, 0, 1], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$4G^0-8c$
$8N^0-8f$	48	8	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 0, 4, 1], [3, 0, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 1]$	$(t^2 - 1)/t$	$4G^0-4a$
$8O^0-16a$	48	16	$[1, 4, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 2, 0, 11], [1, 0, 8, 1], [1, 3, 0, 5], [5, 1, 4, 3]$	$(1 - t^2)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8j$
$8O^0-8a$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 4, 5]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8b$
$8O^0-8b$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 0, 0, 5], [1, 0, 4, 3]$	$(t^2 - 1)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8a$
$8O^0-8c$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$2t/(t^2 - 1)$	$8J^0-8a$
$8O^0-8d$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$8J^0-8b$
$8O^0-8e$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 2, 0, 5], [1, 2, 4, 3]$	$(t^2 + 1)/(2t)$	$8I^0-8a$
$8O^0-8f$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 3, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$t^2/2$	$8G^0-8f$
$8O^0-8g$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 3, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 5]$	t^2	$8G^0-8f$
$8O^0-8h$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [1, 3, 0, 3], [1, 3, 4, 1]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8g$
$8O^0-8i$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 4, 3]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(t^2 - 4t + 2)$	$8J^0-8a$
$8O^0-8j$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [3, 2, 0, 5], [1, 0, 4, 3]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8b$
$8O^0-8k$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [3, 3, 0, 5], [1, 0, 4, 3]$	$(t^2 + 4t + 2)/(t^2 - 2)$	$8I^0-8b$
$8O^0-8l$	48	8	$[3, 2, 0, 3], [5, 2, 0, 5], [3, 3, 0, 5], [1, 1, 4, 1]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8c$
$8P^0-8a$	48	8	$[3, 4, 4, 3], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 4, 0, 1], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(t^2 - 4t + 2)$	$8H^0-8g$
$8P^0-8b$	48	8	$[3, 4, 4, 3], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 4, 0, 1], [5, 4, 0, 1]$	$(t^2 + 1)/(2(t - 1))$	$8H^0-8g$

group	i	N	generators	map	supergroup
$16B^0-16a$	24	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 2, 2, 5], [1, 0, 0, 5], [1, 8, 0, 3]$	$t^2/2$	$8B^0-8a$
$16B^0-16b$	24	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 2, 2, 5], [1, 4, 0, 5], [5, 2, 0, 3]$	$t^2/2$	$8B^0-8d$
$16B^0-16c$	24	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 2, 2, 5], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 8, 0, 3]$	t^2	$8B^0-8a$
$16B^0-16d$	24	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 2, 2, 5], [3, 6, 0, 5], [3, 4, 0, 7]$	t^2	$8B^0-8d$
$16C^0-16a$	24	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 8, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 2, 0, 3], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$t^2/2$	$8C^0-8b$
$16C^0-16b$	24	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 8, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 2, 0, 3], [5, 4, 0, 1]$	t^2	$8C^0-8b$
$16C^0-16c$	24	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 8, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 4, 0, 5], [5, 2, 0, 3]$	$2t^2$	$8C^0-8d$
$16C^0-16d$	24	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 8, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 2], [5, 4, 0, 1], [1, 6, 0, 3]$	t^2	$8C^0-8d$
$16D^0-16a$	24	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 4, 0, 5], [5, 2, 0, 3]$	$t^2 - 4$	$8C^0-8d$
$16D^0-16b$	24	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 2, 0, 1], [1, 4, 0, 5]$	$t^2 + 4$	$8C^0-8d$
$16D^0-16c$	24	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 2, 0, 1], [5, 2, 0, 3]$	$2(t^2 - 2)$	$8C^0-8d$
$16D^0-16d$	24	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 6, 0, 5], [3, 4, 0, 7]$	$2(t^2 + 2)$	$8C^0-8d$
$16E^0-16a$	24	16	$[0, 3, 5, 8], [2, 1, 3, 10], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 + 4)/2$	$8D^0-8a$
$16E^0-16b$	24	16	$[0, 3, 5, 8], [2, 1, 3, 10], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 8, 0, 5]$	$t^2 - 2$	$8D^0-8a$
$16E^0-16c$	24	16	$[0, 3, 5, 8], [2, 1, 3, 10], [1, 0, 0, 5], [1, 8, 0, 3]$	$(t^2 - 4)/2$	$8D^0-8a$
$16E^0-16d$	24	16	$[0, 3, 5, 8], [2, 1, 3, 10], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 8, 0, 3]$	$t^2 + 2$	$8D^0-8a$
$16F^0-32a$	32	32	$[3, 4, 0, 11], [6, 3, 7, 9], [3, 3, 0, 5], [0, 3, 1, 0]$	$-(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$8E^0-16b$
$16F^0-32b$	32	32	$[3, 4, 0, 11], [6, 3, 7, 9], [5, 5, 0, 3], [0, 3, 1, 0]$	$(t^2 - 4t + 2)/(t^2 - 2t + 2)$	$8E^0-16b$
$16G^0-16a$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [1, 3, 2, 3], [3, 2, 2, 1]$	$2(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 + 2t - 1)$	$8G^0-8i$
$16G^0-16b$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [3, 0, 0, 1], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	$t^2/2$	$8G^0-8a$
$16G^0-16c$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [3, 0, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 1]$	t^2	$8G^0-8a$
$16G^0-16d$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [3, 0, 0, 1], [5, 1, 0, 1]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8c$
$16G^0-16e$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [3, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 5]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8g$
$16G^0-16f$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [3, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 4, 1]$	$2(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 + 2t - 1)$	$8G^0-8g$
$16G^0-16g$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [3, 1, 0, 1], [5, 0, 0, 1]$	$(t^2 - 1)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8f$
$16G^0-16h$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [3, 2, 2, 1], [1, 4, 2, 3]$	t^2	$8G^0-8e$
$16G^0-16i$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [3, 2, 2, 1], [3, 3, 4, 5]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8i$
$16G^0-16j$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [3, 4, 2, 1], [1, 2, 4, 5]$	$t^2/2$	$8G^0-8e$
$16G^0-16k$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [7, 1, 0, 9], [1, 2, 4, 5]$	$(t^2 - 1)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8k$
$16G^0-16l$	48	16	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 0, 8, 11], [7, 1, 0, 9], [3, 0, 2, 1]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$8G^0-8l$
$16G^0-32a$	48	32	$[1, 2, 0, 1], [15, 0, 0, 15], [7, 0, 0, 23],$ $[3, 0, 8, 11], [3, 1, 0, 5], [5, 2, 2, 5]$	$(1 - 2t - t^2)/(t^2 - 2t - 1)$	$8G^0-16a$

group	i	N	generators	map	supergroup
$16H^0-16a$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 4, 0, 5], [1, 2, 0, 7]$	$4t/(t^2 + 2)$	$8I^0-8a$
$16H^0-16b$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 4, 0, 5], [1, 6, 0, 3]$	$2(t^2 + 1)/(t^2 - 2t - 1)$	$8I^0-8a$
$16H^0-16c$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 4, 0, 5], [5, 2, 0, 3]$	$4t/(t^2 - 2)$	$8I^0-8b$
$16H^0-16d$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [1, 6, 0, 3], [1, 2, 0, 7]$	$(t^2 + 2t - 1)/(t^2 + 1)$	$8I^0-8a$
$16H^0-16e$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 2, 0, 1], [1, 2, 0, 7]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$16C^0-16c$
$16H^0-16f$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 2, 0, 1], [5, 2, 0, 3]$	$(t^2 - 2)/(2t)$	$8I^0-8b$
$16H^0-16g$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 2, 0, 1], [5, 4, 0, 1]$	$(t^2 + 1)/t$	$16C^0-16d$
$16H^0-16h$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [3, 4, 0, 7], [5, 6, 0, 7]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$16C^0-16c$
$16H^0-16i$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [5, 2, 0, 3], [1, 6, 0, 3]$	$(t^2 + 2t - 1)/(t^2 + 1)$	$16C^0-16c$
$16H^0-16j$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [5, 2, 0, 3], [5, 4, 0, 1]$	$2t/(t^2 - 1)$	$8I^0-8d$
$16H^0-16k$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [5, 4, 0, 1], [1, 2, 0, 7]$	$(t^2 - 1)/t$	$16C^0-16d$
$16H^0-16l$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [9, 0, 0, 9], [0, 3, 5, 2], [7, 2, 0, 5], [7, 4, 0, 3]$	$(t^2 + 2)/(2t)$	$8I^0-8a$
$32A^0-32a$	48	32	$[3, 8, 0, 11], [5, 8, 0, 13], [0, 7, 9, 2], [1, 4, 0, 5], [5, 6, 0, 3]$	$2/t^2$	$16C^0-16a$
$32A^0-32b$	48	32	$[3, 8, 0, 11], [5, 8, 0, 13], [0, 7, 9, 2], [5, 2, 0, 3], [5, 4, 0, 1]$	t^2	$16C^0-16d$
$32A^0-32c$	48	32	$[3, 8, 0, 11], [5, 8, 0, 13], [0, 7, 9, 2], [7, 2, 0, 1], [9, 2, 0, 3]$	t^2	$16C^0-16a$
$32A^0-32d$	48	32	$[3, 8, 0, 11], [5, 8, 0, 13], [0, 7, 9, 2], [7, 2, 0, 5], [7, 4, 0, 3]$	$2/t^2$	$16C^0-16d$

group	i	N	generators	curve	map	supergroup
$16C^1-16c$	24	16	$[2, 1, 3, 2], [0, 3, 5, 8], [1, 0, 0, 5], [1, 8, 0, 3]$	256a2	$(x-1)/2$	$8D^0-8a$
$16C^1-16d$	24	16	$[2, 1, 3, 2], [0, 3, 5, 8], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 8, 0, 3]$	256a1	$x+1$	$8D^0-8a$
$16B^1-16a$	24	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 0], [2, 3, 9, 6], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	256b2	$x/4$	$8B^0-8a$
$16B^1-16c$	24	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 0], [2, 3, 9, 6], [1, 4, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	256b1	$x/2$	$8B^0-8a$
$16I^1-16d$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 8], [1, 4, 12, 1], [1, 0, 0, 5], [1, 8, 0, 3]$	256a1	$x-1$	$8H^0-8a$
$16I^1-16f$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 8], [1, 4, 12, 1], [1, 8, 0, 3], [2, 3, 5, 2]$	256a2	$\frac{4x-4y+12}{x^2-2x-15}$	$8H^0-8b$
$16I^1-16g$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 8], [1, 4, 12, 1], [1, 8, 0, 5], [1, 2, 10, 3]$	256a2	$\frac{2(y-x-1)}{x^2-2x-11}$	$8H^0-8d$
$16I^1-16h$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 8], [1, 4, 12, 1], [1, 8, 0, 7], [1, 2, 10, 7]$	256a1	$1/x$	$8H^0-8j$
$16I^1-16j$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 8], [1, 4, 12, 1], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 8, 0, 3]$	256a2	$(x+3)/2$	$8H^0-8a$
$16I^1-16k$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 8], [1, 4, 12, 1], [3, 0, 0, 5], [2, 3, 5, 2]$	256a2	$\frac{-x+1}{x+3}$	$8H^0-8j$
$8H^1-16b$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 8, 0, 1], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 9]$	256a2	$(x+3)/2$	$8H^0-8i$
$8H^1-16c$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 8, 0, 1], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 6, 9]$	256a2	$\frac{x-1}{x+3}$	$8H^0-8j$
$8H^1-16e$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 8, 0, 1], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [7, 0, 0, 9], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	256a1	$x-1$	$8H^0-8i$
$8H^1-16g$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 8, 0, 1], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [7, 0, 0, 9], [2, 3, 5, 2]$	256a1	$-1/x$	$8H^0-8j$
$16D^1-16d$	24	16	$[3, 8, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 0], [5, 2, 2, 1], [3, 2, 0, 5], [5, 4, 0, 1]$	128a1	$(x+1)/2$	$8B^0-8d$
$8H^1-16j$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 8, 0, 1], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [7, 4, 0, 9], [1, 2, 2, 9]$	256a2	$\frac{2(x+y+1)}{x^2-2x-11}$	$8H^0-8k$
$8D^1-16b$	24	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 4, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 9]$	256a1	$x+1$	$4F^0-8b$
$8H^1-16k$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [1, 8, 0, 1], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [7, 4, 0, 9], [1, 2, 6, 9]$	256a2	$\frac{4(x-y+3)}{x^2-2x-15}$	$8H^0-8l$
$8D^1-16c$	24	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [3, 4, 0, 11], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 4, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	256a2	$(x-1)/2$	$4F^0-8b$
$16J^1-16e$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [0, 3, 5, 0], [5, 2, 2, 1], [1, 6, 0, 7], [7, 4, 0, 3]$	128a2	$\frac{x^2+2x-7}{8x-8}$	$8B^0-8d$
$16J^1-16g$	48	16	$[7, 0, 0, 7], [0, 3, 5, 0], [5, 2, 2, 1], [5, 4, 0, 1], [3, 6, 0, 1]$	128a2	$(1-x)/2$	$8L^0-8b$
$16F^1-16a$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 0, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	256b1	$-2/x$	$8H^0-8a$
$16F^1-16c$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 3]$	256b2	$\frac{x^2+2y-8}{x^2-8x+8}$	$16B^0-16c$
$16F^1-16d$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [1, 4, 0, 3], [1, 0, 0, 5]$	256b2	$4/x$	$8H^0-8e$
$16F^1-16h$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 0, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	256b1	x	$8H^0-8i$
$16F^1-16j$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 4, 0, 1], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	256b2	$x/2$	$8H^0-8f$
$16F^1-16k$	48	16	$[3, 0, 0, 11], [1, 4, 4, 1], [0, 3, 5, 0], [3, 4, 0, 5], [1, 2, 2, 1]$	256b2	$\frac{x^2+2y-8}{x^2+4x+8}$	$16B^0-16a$
$11C^1-11a$	55	11	$[3, 4, 4, 2], [3, 1, 1, 8], [6, 4, 0, 5]$	121b1	$J_{11}(x, y)$	$1A^0-1a$

The map $J_{11}(x, y)$ is due to Halberstadt [Hal98], and is defined by

$$J_{11}(x, y) := \frac{(f_1 f_2 f_3 f_4)^3}{f_5^2 f_6^{11}},$$

where

$$f_1 := x^2 + 3x - 6,$$

$$f_2 := 11(x^2 - 5)y + (2x^4 + 23x^3 - 72x^2 - 28x + 127),$$

$$f_3 := 6y + 11x - 19,$$

$$f_4 := 22(x - 2)y + (5x^3 + 17x^2 - 112x + 120),$$

$$f_5 := 11y + (2x^2 + 17x - 34),$$

$$f_6 := (x - 4)y - (5x - 9).$$

References

- [BS11] G. Bisson and A.V. Sutherland, *Computing the endomorphism ring of an ordinary elliptic curve over a finite field*, J. Number Theory **131** (2011), 815–831.
- [Den75] J. B. Dennin Jr., *The genus of subfields of $K(n)$* , Proceedings of the AMS **51** (1975), 282–288.
- [DT02] W. Duke and A. Toth, *The splitting of primes in division fields of elliptic curves*, Experimental Mathematics **11** (2002), 555–565.
- [Hal98] E. Halberstadt, *Sur la courbe modulaire $X_{\text{ndep}}(11)$* , Experimental Math. **7** (1998), 163–174.
- [RZB15] J. Rouse and D. Zureick-Brown, *Elliptic curves over \mathbb{Q} and 2-adic images of Galois*, Research in Number Theory **1** (2015).
- [S15] A. V. Sutherland, *Computing images of Galois representations attached to elliptic curves*, Forum of Mathematics, Sigma **4** (2016), 79 pages.
- [Z15a] D. Zywina, *On the possible images of the mod ell representations associated to elliptic curves over \mathbb{Q}* , arXiv:1508.07660.
- [Z15b] D. Zywina, *Possible indices for the Galois image of elliptic curves over \mathbb{Q}* , arXiv:1508.07663.