

BIRS Workshop on Toric degenerations

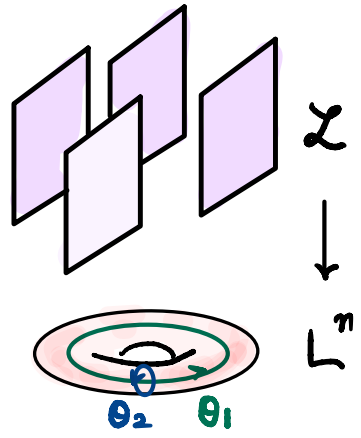
Disk Potential Functions for Polygon Spaces

(Joint with Siu-Cheong Lau, Xiao Zheng [arXiv: 2211.03558](https://arxiv.org/abs/2211.03558))

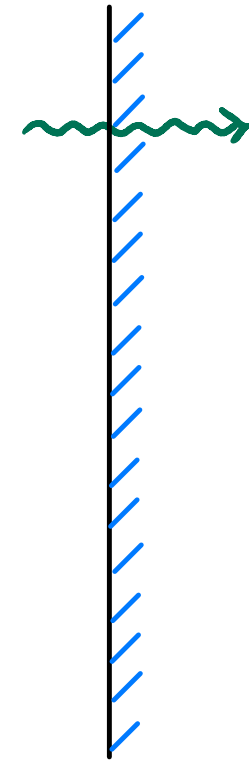
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Cluster varieties via SYZ mirror symmetry

Fano symplectic manifold X^{2n}
Lagrangian torus fibrations



mirror



Landau-Ginzburg model
 $W: \check{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$

$$\check{X} = \{ \text{flat } \mathbb{C}^* \text{-connections on } \mathcal{L} \} / \sim$$

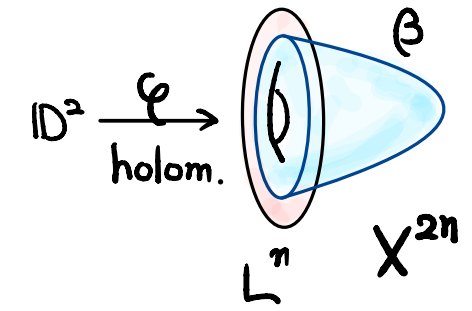
$$\cong (\mathbb{C}^*)^n$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$(z_i = \text{hol}_\nabla(\theta_i))$$

$$W = \sum_{\beta} n_{\beta} \cdot z^{2\beta}$$

(FOOO) disk potential



Q. For a given cluster variety \check{X} , find a symp. mfd and Lag. torus fibrations whose SYZ mirror is \check{X} .

Symplectic

mirror

Complex

Q. ?

Cluster variety of Cartan A type
without frozen variables

Polygon space and bending system

Symplectic

Polygon space $\mathcal{M}_{\vec{r}}$
bending system Φ_{\triangle}

mirror

Complex

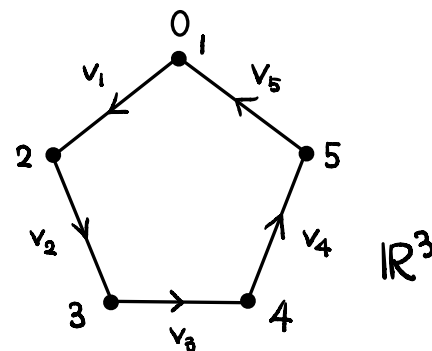
Cluster variety of Cartan A type
without frozen variables

Fix $\vec{r} = (r_1, r_2, \dots, r_{n+3}) \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}^{n+3}$ (the length of edges)

$SO(3) := SO(3; \mathbb{R}) \curvearrowright \mathbb{R}^3$ the linear action

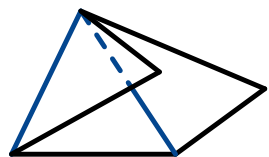
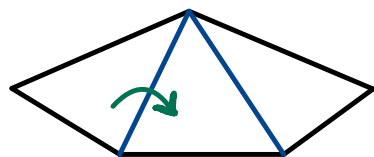
$SO(3) \curvearrowright S^2(r) := \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = r^2\}$

$\mathcal{M}_{\vec{r}} := \left\{ \vec{v} = (v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{n+3}) \in \prod_{i=1}^{n+3} S^2(r_i) : \sum_{i=1}^{n+3} v_i = 0 \right\} / SO(3)$ (diagonal action)



(Kapovich - Millson)

For $\vec{r} = (r_1, r_2, \dots, r_{n+3}) \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}^{n+3}$, we take a triangulation of $(n+3)$ -gon



(bending along the chosen diagonals.)

Have a completely integrable system $\Phi_{\triangle} : \mathcal{M}_{\vec{r}} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$

(given by the length of the chosen diagonals)

Theorem (K. - Lau - Zheng)

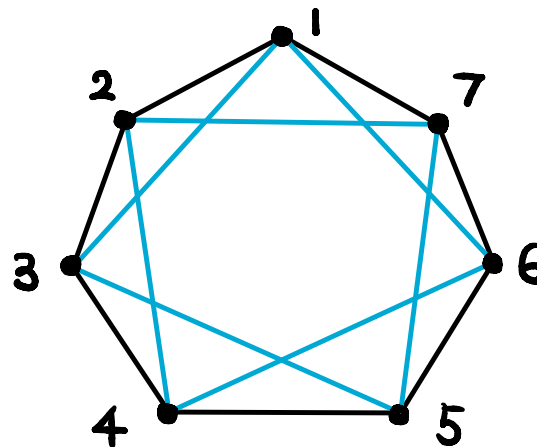
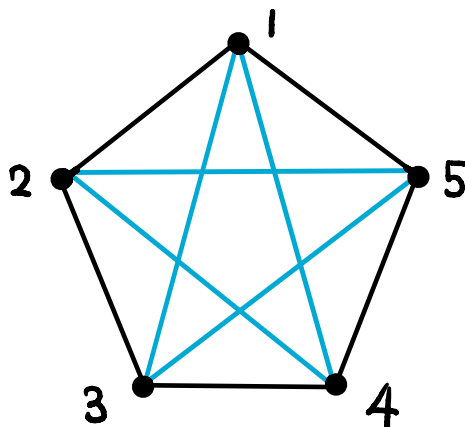
Assume that \vec{r} is equilateral and generic. $X := \mathcal{M}_{\vec{r}}$ (Polygon space)

Then an SYZ mirror of X is a LG model (\check{X}, W)

- $\check{X} := \text{Gr}(2, \mathbb{C}^{n+3}) - D \cap \{p_{12} = p_{23} = \dots = p_{n+2, n+3} = p_{1, n+3}\}$

(Regard $\text{Gr}(2, \mathbb{C}^{n+3}) \subseteq \mathbb{P}(\wedge^2 \mathbb{C}^{n+3})$ via the Plücker embedding $p_{i,j}$)

- $W: \check{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{C} \quad W(p) := \sum_{i=1}^{n+3} p_{i, i+2}$



Disk potential functions for caterpillar bending systems

Assume that \vec{r} is equilateral and generic. $X := \mathcal{M}_{\vec{r}}$ (Polygon space)

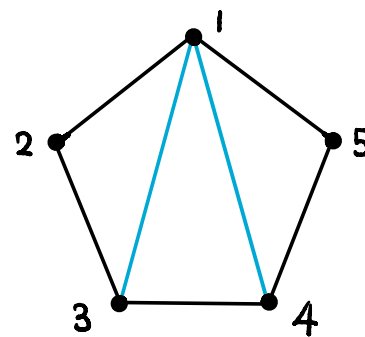
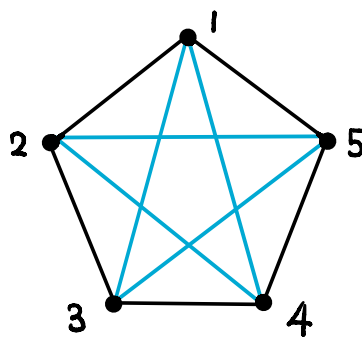
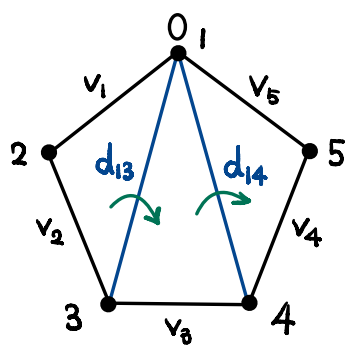
• Φ_{\triangleleft} : the bending system $\Phi_{\triangleleft} = (\Phi_{13}, \Phi_{14}, \dots, \Phi_{1, n+2})$

$L_{\triangleleft} :=$ Lagrangian torus fiber of Φ_{\triangleleft} , located at the center.

$$W_{L_{\triangleleft}} = \left(p_{13} + \frac{2}{p_{13}} \right) + \left(p_{1, n+2} + \frac{2}{p_{1, n+2}} \right) + \sum_{j=3}^{n+1} \left(\frac{p_{1, j+1}}{p_{1, j}} + \frac{p_{1, j}}{p_{1, j+1}} + \frac{1}{p_{1, j} p_{1, j+1}} \right)$$

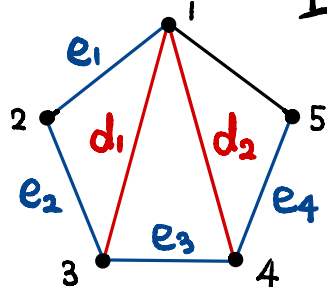
e.g. $n=2, \vec{r} = (1, 1, 1, 1, 1), \mathcal{M}_{\vec{r}} = dP_5$

$$W_{L_{\triangleleft}} = W \Big|_{\mathbb{C}_{p_{13}, p_{14}}^*} = \left(p_{13} + \frac{2}{p_{13}} \right) + \left(p_{1,4} + \frac{2}{p_{1,4}} \right) + \left(\frac{p_{1,4}}{p_{1,3}} + \frac{p_{1,3}}{p_{1,4}} + \frac{1}{p_{1,3} p_{1,4}} \right)$$



Frozen and cluster variables as holonomy variables

Symplectic	Complex
$\text{Gr}(2, \mathbb{C}^{n+3})$, L_{\triangleleft} : torus orbit ($\Phi_{d_1}, \dots, \Phi_{d_n}$: local torus act. $\Phi_{e_1}, \dots, \Phi_{e_{n+2}}$: global torus act. Choose loops as orbits $\theta_1, \dots, \theta_n$; $\theta_{n+1}, \dots, \theta_{2n+2}$	$\check{U}_{\triangleleft} \simeq (\mathbb{C}^*)^{2n+2}$ ($P_{1,i+2} = \text{hol}_{\nabla}(\theta_i)$ ($i=1, \dots, n$) (cluster variables) $P_{i-n, i+1-n} = \text{hol}_{\nabla}(\theta_i)$ ($i=n+1, \dots, 2n+2$) (frozen variables)
$(L_{\triangleleft}, \nabla) \sim (L_{\triangleleft}, \nabla')$	Wall-crossing = mutation
$\text{Gr}(2, \mathbb{C}^{n+3}) \quad L_{\triangleleft} \cdot L_{\triangleleft} \dots$ (Hausmann-Knutson) $\downarrow \parallel T_{U(n+3)}$ $\mathcal{M}_{\vec{r}}, L_{\triangleleft} \cdot L_{\triangleleft} \dots$	$\perp \check{U}_{\triangleleft} (\simeq (\mathbb{C}^*)^{2n+2}), B_{(2n+2) \times n}$ $\downarrow P_{12} = P_{23} = \dots = P_{n+2, n+3} = P_{1, n+3}$ $\perp \check{U}_{\triangleleft} (\simeq (\mathbb{C}^*)^n), \tilde{B}_{n \times n}$



$(\check{X}, W) \quad W(p) := \sum_{i=1}^{n+3} P_{i, i+2}$ is a shadow of (Marsh-Rietsch)'s mirror.

Thank You!
